Tutankhamun, the Young Lion, around 1883-1823 B.C



by Josef Kemény, 1903-2011











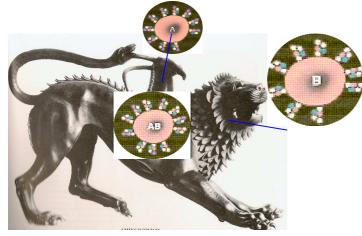


Who, in fact, was Tutankhamun?

Before the British scientists Howard Carter and lord Carnarvon in 1922 found the grave of Tutankhamun, he was totally unknown to posterity. When the first stone was lifted, west of Thebes, from the wall that closed the entrance to Tutankhamun's grave, they could through the opening see the largest tomb treasure ever preserved to our days. Since then, Tutankhamun has been the most popular pharaoh around the world.

Dynasty 18 was a mystery with its secretive pharaohs. Tutankhamun himself was part of the dynasty as a pharaoh, as a young lion, but were his biological parents?

In this theme I try to clarify issues concerning the boy Tutankhamun.



An Etruscan bronze picture of a combination of animals, a lion and a goat. The lion is carnivorous and while the goat is graminivorous. In this case the lion is dominant. If we plant this animal combination into a human being or human-like body, we get an individual with blood group AB.

We can also see a serpent in the shape of a tail following each step of the lion (symbolic).

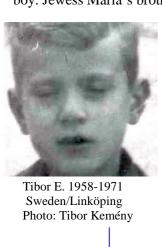


At the right moment the serpent strikes and the lion disappears. Everybody believes that the animal is a lion, but hereafter it is a serpent.

This is an Etruscan symbol, an illustration showing how the lion suddenly disappears and we find the serpent there instead, almost simultaneously.

Note that I in this context use material, part of which is mine, part available and I interpret it according to my knowledge.

To at all be able to shed light on the past, we should primarily refer to reincarnation. Since all individuals carry out almost the same activities in their individual lives, we need to compare the persons with their correct counterparts. In this special case I will compare Tibor E., who, by the way, was a foster-son of my father T.K, with his past. My great master was my own father Tibor Kemény, TK, and from him I learnt most of what I know, such as "anthropological analogies", analogies which he used in his paternity issue during the 70s. I now use these anthropological analogies in a simple way concerning Tibor E. and his past. He was born in Sweden in 1958, son of Jewess Maria, at exactly midnight on Christmas Eve in the town of Linköping which has a "lion" as a municipal coat of arms. Linköping then is a reflection of Bethlehem, and Bethlehem is a reflection of Linköping. His mother gave him his name. The origin of Tibor is Latin Tiburtius (name day on April 14) and is a male Hungarian name. Tibor consists of two words: Ti=your and bor=wine - which gives us Your wine. He was an extra-marital boy. Jewess Maria's brother-in-law was Tibor E., biological father.





Pharaoh Menes/Narmer Around 3200 B.C, Egypt Dynasty O Unknown sculptor

Pharaoh Khufu/Cheops Around 2551-2528 B.C Egypt Dynasty 4 Unknown sculptor

Pharaoh Tutankhamun 1333-1323 B.C Egypt Dynasty 18 Unknown sculptor

King David, Judah/Bethlehem around 1000 B.C Sculptor: Michelangelo Joseph Jr, Judah/Bethlehem (Reincarnation of David) around 27 B.C Unknown sculptor (or the daughter of carpenter Joseph?)

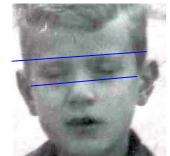




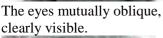
An asymmetrical face, double face, typical of blood group AB

The Lion of Thinis





of blood group AB



The eyes mutually oblique, clearly visible.



The Lion



of Thinis Menes/Narmer



Nose and ear of the same size.

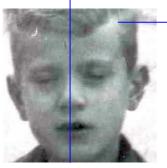
Nose and ear of the same size

A simple anthropological analogy between Tibor E and Menes/Narmer can lead to the fact that they may have been the same person, in different times. The difference is around 5,000 years. There is a certain likeness between the photos and the sculptures thanks to the fact that the Egyptians were world-leading sculptors. Note that the photo is of a boy and the sculpture is of an adult.



The Lion of Giza, Cheops/Khufu

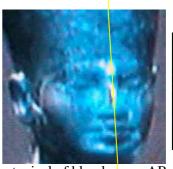




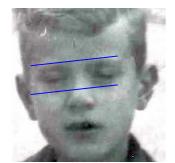
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An asymmetrical face, double face, typical of blood group AB



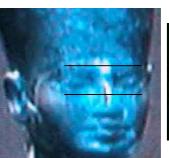




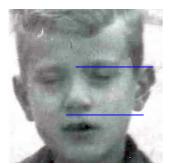
The eyes mutually oblique, clearly visible.



The eyes mutually oblique, clearly visible.



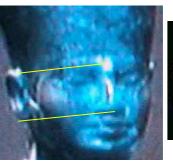




Nose and ear of the same size



Nose and ear of the same size

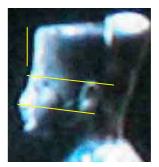




Nose and ear of the same size and a straight forehead



Nose and ear of the same size and a straight forehead

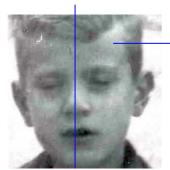


This simple anthropological comparison can illustrate that the photos and the sculpture are strikingly similar even if the photos are of a boy while the sculpture is of an adult man, around 45-50 years old. The difference is about 4,500 years. We can talk about one and the same person at different points in time, thousands of years keep the pictures apart.



The Young Lion of Thebes, Tutankhamun





An asymmetrical face, double face, typical of blood group AB



An asymmetrical face, double face, typical of blood group AB



The eyes mutually oblique, clearly visible.



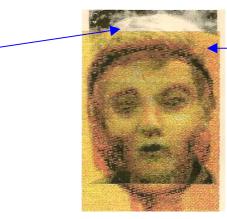
The eyes mutually oblique,

clearly visible.

Nose and ear of the same size



Nose and ear of the same size





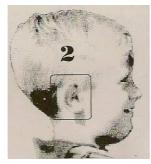
Tutankhamun 12 years old



Tibor E. 12 years old

Photos of Tibor E and Tutankhamun. If we put these two pictures beside each other we see that they go well together, Tibor E. could have been Tutankhamun, and vice versa. The pictures are strikingly similar.







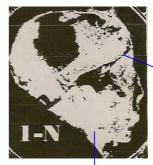


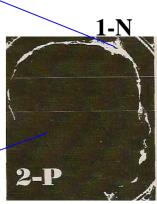
Picture 1: Tutankhamun. Picture 2: Tibor E. If we put the profiles beside each other we can see they go well together, it is all right to talk about one an the same person although there is a time difference of thousands of years.



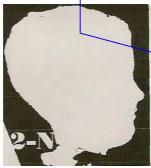


Both picture 1 and 2 have their positive and negative silhouettes.



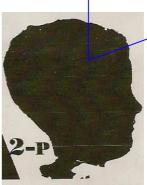


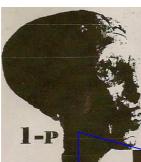




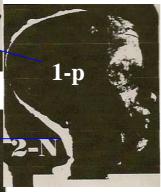


If we place the positive and negative silhouettes inside each other we see that they go well together.





Picture 1 as well as picture 2 has its positive and negative silhouettes.

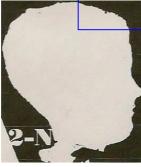


If we place the positive and negative silhouettes inside each other we see that they go well together.





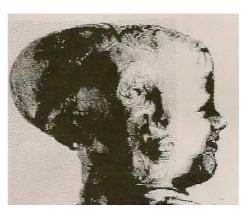














Profiles of Tutankhamun and Tibor E. If we place the profiles next to each other, we see that they get on fairly well together.







Picture 1: Tutankhamun, 12 years old. Picture 2: Joseph Jr. around 45 years old. If we look at these two pictures we see that also these pictures and persons get on well together although there is a time span of 1,300 years. (Photo and sculpture). Rev.1:7

Tutankhamun's biological parents, Maya and Merit.





Maya and Merit. Saqqara, Maya's tomb; The New Kingdom, Dynasty 18, around 1320 B.C. It depicts the Overseer of the Treasury Maya and his spouse Merit, one of the songstresses of Amun. The couple have dressed elegantly to face eternity. I am fairly convinced that Merit is Tutankhamun's biological mother. Tutankhamun was born from a female branch/virgin birth while Smenkhkare and Horemheb were sons of Merit's sister Kija who was Akhenaten's wife. But the father is the same, Maya.





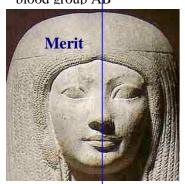
An asymmetrical face, double face, typical of blood group AB



The eyes mutually oblique, clearly visible.



Nose and ear of the same size



An asymmetrical face, double face, typical of blood group AB



The eyes mutually oblique, clearly visible



Nose and ear of the same size

Tutankhamun's biological father was with fairly high probability Maya, although we are dealing with sculptures in this case. There is certain likeness between Maya and Tutankhamun.



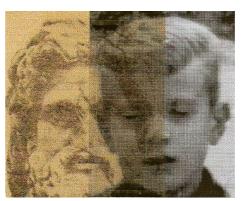
My investigation shows that Merit was Tutankhamun's biological mother despite the fact that we are dealing with sculptures only. There is a certain likeness between Merit and Tutankhamun. It seems to be the case that all three of them had the same blood group, AB.

The reason I have come so far with my simple anthropological analogies is due to the fact that ancient Egyptians were excellent sculptors. Neither can we disregard the possibility that Maya, Merit and Kija were siblings, in those times it was "trendy" for siblings to marry in order to stay in power.

More info at the links "The Pyramid of Cheops and its Secret", "The Egyptian Crowns and Their Secrets", "Dynasty 0 in Ancient Egypt" and "Omnipotent Akhenaten."









Tibor E. 12 years old, and Joseph Jr. around 45. If we put these pictures together, we see that they get on fairly well.









Tibor E. 12 years old and Joseph Jr. around 45. If we put these pictures together, we see that they get on fairly well. –This photo is probably the last photo of Tibor, taken by my father. Rev.1:7

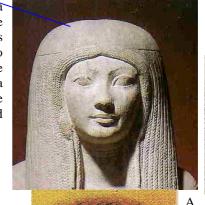


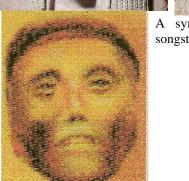
Tibor E.

Jewess Maria E. and Merit.

The sculpture managed to catch a smile on Merit's face, a smile we can also see on Maria's. Maria's greatest wish was, by the way, to become a singer like Merit. There is also a likeness between Maria and Merit, for example the proportions between eye, nose, and mouth.







A symbol of Amun's songstresses.

Tutankhamun

Briefly about Tibor E: He was a boy with natural talents. At the age of 4-5 he was very interested in cosmos, astronomy and aliens. Nature and science were also for him favorite subjects. Apart from his scientific interests he was also a very good orator, but we should add that he was still not an adult. He had unique powers of observation which he made use of during his short life. His mother, Jewess Maria, worked in Linköping as a seamstress.

Paphos bar Yehuda

Also known as fisherman Peter. He was married to Jewess Mary's sister and probably fathered Mary, Martha, Lazarus, and Joseph Jr. Paphos was a Turan name, also Hungarian and is connected to priesthood. Peter finished his life in Rome, crucified with his head downwards.

In the Great Council fisherman Peter denied being a father of his son Joseph Jr three The Great times. Council processed Joseph's paternity issue: Who was his son, Joseph Jr or Jesus? More info at the link: "Omnipotent Akhenaten."



Yehosef bar Parechia Carpenter Joseph + wife Miriam/Mary+ daughter; around 63-18, his biological son was Tomas.

More info at the links "Protector of the Architects", "Ominpotent Akhenaten", and "Dark Matter."

Bethlehem



She was born somewhere in Armenia. Left the country with her sister's family and came to Palestine. There, in Nazareth, she met the carpenter and jack-of-all trades Joseph and became pregnant. During her pregnancy (a source states) she got a job with Herod the Great. She said he was the father of the expected child. Herod was angry and isolated her, waiting for the child to be born. After that he would kill the new-born baby.

> Joseph was also in the palace working as a carpenter and they happened to meet there. Mary told Joseph that the child was his and that Herod wanted to kill it after birth. They managed to escape, supported by Mariamne. She was also a Jewess and knew about the return of Messiah.

> > Cana

Jewess Mary/Miriam Reincarnation of Merit

around 50-20



The Wedding at Cana This is the wedding between Joseph Jr and Mary as related in the Gospel of John. Joseph Jr was a wine-grower and invited his friends, disciples and close family to the wedding which took place in Cana, Galilee. The bridal couple offered homemade fig wine to the guests. Joseph Jr's biological parents were

Note that Joseph Jr only had five disciples.

not invited.



Paphos bar Ye

Fisherman Peter

Reincarnation of Maya

Born in Bethlehem in 29 B.C. The same year, Jewess Mariamne was executed by Herod. His biological father was Paphos bar Yehuda and Joseph was his foster father.

Joseph Jr, foster-son of Joseph



around 29-26 The worldly and Davidian Messiah, Lion of Judah.

Could have been born at exactly midnight between December 24 and 25 in Bethlehem.

Rev.1:7



Yehuda bar Yehosef Around 14-110? Or John, the author of Revelation?



Mary Magdalene

Around 18-?

Daughter, unknown

Joseph Jr was married according to Jewish tradition. In the marriage he had a son and a daughter. His wife Mary was probably pregnant with the daughter when he was crucified. He had a simple life but with many friends around, he was

well known all over Palestine.



Joseph Jr grew up in Nazareth. When he was twelve he travelled with a relative to India to study medicine. After 20-25 years he returned to Palestine and married Mary Magdalene.

Bethlehem. According to the Bible the town where David was born. Escape to Egypt via Bethlehem. Jewess Mary had a brother who was then living in Egypt. When they arrived at Bethlehem they entered the inn. There she gave birth to her son and named him Joseph Jr to stress that Joseph was the father of the new-born boy. After a short stay in the town, they went to Egypt. It is very possible that, according to the Gospel of Matthew, Herod had all boys at the age of two or below in the Bethlehem area killed. Herod was sure that he had managed to destroy the boy, thereby getting rid of a non-wanted heir to the throne.

When the situation had calmed down a bit, all three of them returned to Nazareth, where Joseph had a house. Joseph's family was still in Armenia. He worked, as an example, a constructor. His secret name was "Fig-tree", he made wine of figs. The Jewess worked as a "hairdresser i

More info at the link "Protector of the Architects".





Herod was not a Jew, but his wife Mariamne was a Jewess. He learnt that his wife helped Jewess Mary to escape and had her executed in 29, B.C. Her year of death is also that of the birth of Messiah.

Herodes the Great, 73-4

*Tutankhamun, the Young Lion





The child marriage between the small boy and girl and the boy's royal throne.

The Capricorn is Tutankhamun's Zodiac sign. All paintings and sculptures bear witness that Tutankhamon was fairly healthy in his short life

Tutankhamun's story started in connection with Akhenaten's heir to the Egyptian throne in Dynasty 18. Since he had only daughters to succeed him he had to get a male heir. He had personal contacts with the Overseer of the Treasury Maya and his family. Moreover: his second wife Kija was probably Merit's sister who in turn was the wife of Maya. Merit was one of Amun's songstresses and Tutankhamun's mother. Akhenaten had an idea and let one of his daughters marry the boy Tutankhamun. At the same time he demanded from Maya and Merit that they abandon worshipping Amun in favor of Aton. Maya and Merit accepted and the name was changed to Tutankhaton. In that way Akhenaten had secured his successor for the throne of Aton and thereby Tutankhaton entered Dynasty 18. Akhenaten had confidence in the young lion, who was then only a small boy.

Briefly on Tutankhamun. He was a small boy with natural talents. At the age of 4-5 he was very interested in cosmos, astronomy and aliens. Nature and science were also for him favorite subjects. Besides his scientific interests he was also a very good orator. Among princes and princesses he was the most intelligent of all. We should add that he still was not a mature adult. He had unique powers of observation which he could use during his short reign.

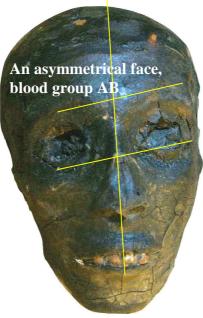
As I have already mentioned, it was Akhenaten who arranged the throne of Pharaoh for Tutankhamun in order to keep the worshipping of Aton for then and for the distant future. But it seems as if the old Amun worship was not forgotten by the priesthood and as soon as Tutankhamun was in power as a child the pressure on him became too hard. At the age of 12 he approved of the advice of the priesthood concerning the abolishment of the Aton worship. He thereby caused enormous problems for Akhenaten, who had plans to expand the worship of Aton connected to Israel's new religion. Tutankhamun was probably killed by Ay on orders of Nefertiti. He was then around 12 years old.

Tutankhamun and DNA

The following could be read about Tutankhamun: "For the first time we can say that we have disclosed the mystery of Tutankhamun's family. DNA tests show Tutankhamun's true face behind the golden mask", researchers say. Let us have a closer look at what researchers say about Tutankhamun.



How did Tutankhamun die?



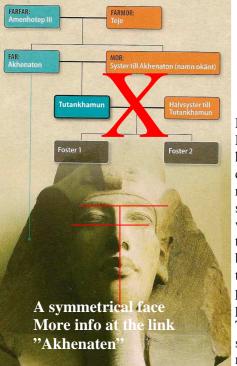




An autopsy of the mummy above was carried out in 1968. The skull was also X-rayed which yielded new facts. The X-ray revealed traces of blood accumulation at the back of the skull which could indicate that Tutankhamun died either from an arrow or from a blow to the back of his neck. There was also a small piece of bone inside the skull. These facts made the two American researchers/detectives draw the conclusion that Tutankhamun was murdered. They pointed out Tutankhamun's successor Ay as a main suspect. I agree with Cooper and King since I drew the same conclusion about Tutankhamun's sudden death.

From injuries at Tutankhamun's skull, detectives and researchers have consequently concluded that he was murdered by a blow

to his head.





Akhenaten







Tibor E.

DNA investigation. DNA tests have identified the mummy who was Tutankhamun's father, Pharaoh Akhenaten. According to some researchers they both had the same blood group. It has been said that KV55 (Kings' Valley, tomb 55) contained a mummy who with 99 per cent certainty was the heretic King Akhenaten. There is no biological proof that Akhenaten's remains were found in the grave. There is neither any evidence of them belonging to the same blood group, a discovery which proves fatherhood. Akhenaten was neither man nor woman (hybrid/androgyne/hermaphrodite) so he could not beget children. The suggestion that Tutankhamun was Akhenaten's son is wrong. DNA analyses have proved that he was both a result of inbreeding and sick from malaria. I have no knowledge about the suggestion that Tutankhamun's biological parents were brother and sister, but in all dynasties we find parents who are siblings. Even in those days there were illnesses and they also affected the pharaohs. Read more about Akhenaten's looks at the link "Akhenaten", page 7. Tutankhamun was reincarnated into Tibor E. in 1958. Tibor's biological parents were not siblings. I knew him well, had had stomach problems but otherwise fairly healthy. He did not die from illness, we use to say that history repeats itself. Egyptian records state that Akhenaten was the father of Tutankhamun, the DNA analysis did not give much more.

The Young Lion at the End of Time



Tibor E. Tibor Kemény and I, summer of 1966, Gotland



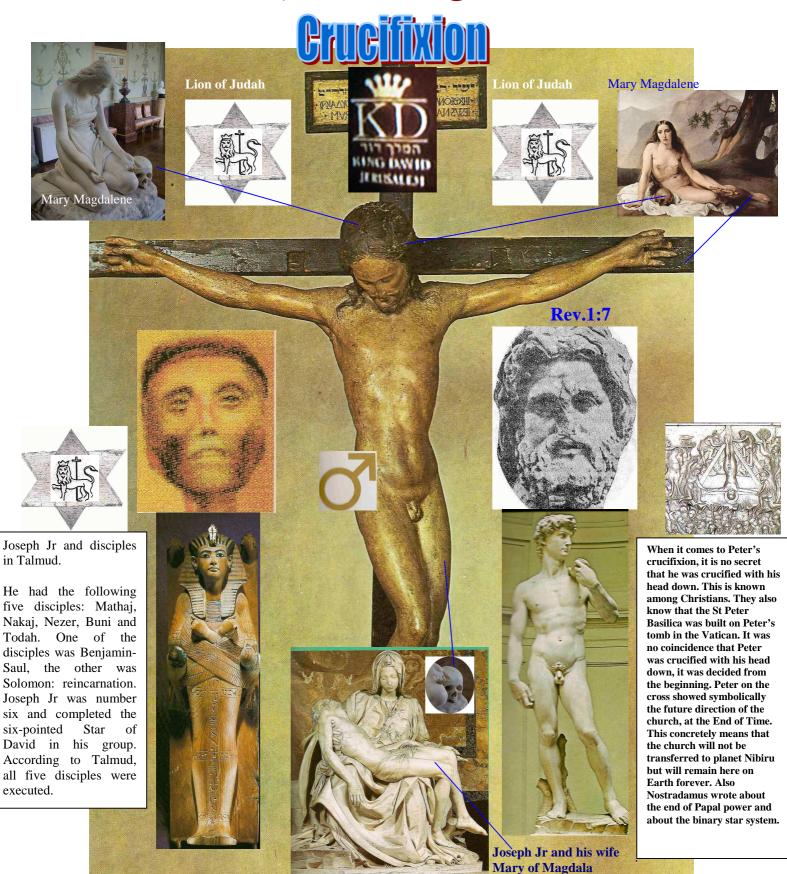
Linköping, Christmas Eve,1958

Linköping, 1958, Christmas Eve. **Exactly at midnight,** Dec. 24-25, Tibor E. was born by Jewess Maria E. to become a foster son to my father, Tibor Kemény.

Linköping's coat of arms is a lion, reflecting Bethlehem.

Sweden's small coat of arms, however, reflects the resurrection and return of the worldly and Davidian Messiah.

Tutankhamun, the Young Lion as an Adult



Michelangelo Buonarroti: Crucifix, 1494. This statue depicts a male-gender Messiah, a reincarnation of Tutankhamun/David. Another statue of Michelangelo, Pietà, 1498-99 depicts the dead Joseph Jr and his wife Mary of Magdala. Note that Jewess Mary, Joseph Jr's biological mother, was not alive when the execution was carried out in Jerusalem. Besides his wife Mary, their teenage son Judas/John and Tomas were present at the crucifixion. His body was cremated and buried. It was his wife Mary who was looking for her husband's body by the grave. She had nothing to do with Jesus. It was one more tragic and unfair termination.

